

Variety Description

Variety

CARLA

Species	White mustard
Botanical name	Sinapis alba
Ploidy	Diploid
Seeding rate	25–30 kg/ha as catch crop
Distance between rows	Similar to cereals
Sowing period	from July to late August
Sowing depth	2-3 cm

Agronomic figures*:

Vulnerability to Beet nematodes	-
Development after sowing	7
Inclination to flower	7
Tendency to lodging	4



Clarification of figures*:

1: very early, very low / 5: medium / 9: very late, very high

* **Source:** Cultivator classification

Variety description

CARLA is a conventional white mustard variety that is classified under the early maturity group. Rapid initial development provides optimal soil cover to protect the soil from water and wind erosion. At the same time, CARLA prevents weed growth on the surface. Furthermore, it improves soil fertility by enriching it with organic matter. CARLA has very good stability. This, combined with its tendency to quickly die out in winter, makes CARLA an ideal component in mulch sowing systems.

Most important characteristics

Conventional variety with ideal properties
Mass formation after sowing
Excellent weed suppression
Low tendency to lodging
Winterkilled

Usage

White mustard is a cruciferous plant that is divided into nematode-resistant and conventional varieties. All white mustard varieties are highly suitable for mulch sowing. As a green manure, white mustard also removes large amounts of nitrogen from the soil and loosens the soil with its long taproots.

