Variety Description

Variety

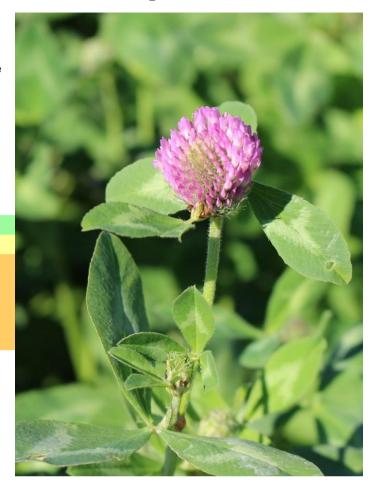
OSMIA

Species Red clover
Botanical name Trifolium pratense
Ploidy 4

Seeding rate25-30 kg/haDistance between rowsSimilar to cerealsSowing periodMarch to AugustSowing depth1-2 cm

Agronomic figures*:

Development after sowing 7 Tendency to winterkilling DM-yield total DM-yield first cut DM-yield in aftermath 7 Total DM-yield in second main 7 production year Shortage after second winter 4 7 Persistence Crude protein content 4 Beginning of flowering 2 Susceptibility to sclerotinia trifoliorum (clover rot) 3 Susceptibility to southern anthracnose 2 (stem canker) Susceptibility to mildew 4 Tendency to lodging 7



Clarification of figures*:

1: very early, very low / 5: medium / 9: very late, very high

Variety description

OSMIA is a first-class tetraploid red clover variety. Depending on how individual characteristics are weighted, it may even be the top variety in the portfolio. Particularly noteworthy are its vigorous development after sowing and the extremely stable and uniform distribution of the variety's considerable yield across all evaluated cuts. In particular, its very high persistence underpins the sustained high yields seen in the second year. Consistent with its solid growth after sowing, sustained yields and persistence, OSMIA leads the pack in terms of ground cover and weed suppression (two important characteristics when striving to reduce chemical crop protection measures). With a low susceptibility to mildew and clover rot, as well as a very low susceptibility to southern anthracnose (stem canker), the variety's health status is above average.

Most important characteristics High yields and persistence

Very healthy

High mass formation right after planting

Usage Also available as coated seed [Mantelsaat®].

Suitable inoculant with appropriate rhizobia:

RhizoFix® RF-45



^{*} Source: Federal Plant Variety Office 2021