Variety Description

EKOLA

Variety

(clover rot)

DM-yield total

DM-yield first cut

Species	Black medic
Botanical name	Medicago lupulina
Ploidy	diploid
Seeding rate	15-20 kg/ha
Distance between rows	as cereals
Sowing period	early April to mid-July
Sowing depth	1 cm
Agronomic figures*:	
Agronomic figures*: Beginning of flowering	4
	4 5
Beginning of flowering	



Clarification of figures*:

Susceptibility to mildew

DM-yield in aftermath

Crude protein content

1: very early, very low / 5: medium / 9: very late, very high

* Source: Bundessortenamt [Federal Plant Variety Office] 2020

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Variety description

Most important characteristics

Usage

EKOLA is an annual to biennial black medic variety that flourishes best on calcareous soils. The early-flowering variety is more commonly planted in grassland, greening and flowering mixtures than on its own. A uniform yield potential and intermediate levels of susceptibility to clover rot and mildew are among EKOLA's key characteristics.

Early blooming Uniform yield potential

Black medic, also known as hop clover, blooms notably earlier than other clover species. Compared to bird's-foot trefoil, which has similarly bright-yellow flowers, black medic grows much lower, with a prostrate and interlinked growth form. When used in extensive grassland and greening areas, as well as in flowering mixtures, black medic can create dense mats that attract insects. This allows the species to perform well at weed suppression and ground cover. Black medic thrives on calcareous soils in warm, relatively dry climates and can provide passable results in conditions that are too dry for red and white clover, Egyptian clover and bird's-foot trefoil. In addition to its uses in grassland and greening sites, as well as in flowering mixtures, useage as a nurse crop for cereals or as an atmospheric nitrogen-fixing green manure is possible.

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