Variety Description

Variety CERRO



Species	Egyptian clover
Botanical name	Trifolium alexandrinum
Ploidy	diploid
Seeding rate	30-35 kg/ha
Distance between rows	similar to cereals
Sowing period	spring to summer
Sowing depth	1-2 cm

Agronomische Kennzahlen*:

Beginning of flowering	5
Growth height/Early development	6
Stalk height/Full development	5
Development after sowing	5
Tendency to lodging	4
DM-yield first cut	5
Crude protein content	6

Clarification of figures*:
1: very early, very low / 5: medium / 9: very late, very high

*** Source:** Cultivator classification

Variety description

The annual Egyptian clover variety CERRO provides protein-rich forage in main crop or catch crop cultivation. Beyond its use as fodder, CERRO also impresses with its rapid early development and uniform growth. The variety reaches impressive heights early on. It reliably covers the ground and effectively suppresses weeds. CERRO is characterized by uniform root penetration and a deep taproot. This allows CERRO to break up the soil well, even in dry conditions. CERRO freezes reliably over winter. These characteristics make the variety not only suitable for fodder, but also an excellent green manure plant. Mulch sowing of maize and sugar beets can be secured with it.

Most important characteristics

Rapid field growth
High sprout length
High yield potential in the first cut

Usage

Egyptian clover is a fast-growing annual clover reliably dies back even during light frosts. It requires sufficient warmth and humidity during its development phase to achieve high yields. Egyptian clover can be grown as pure stand or in mixtures with Italian (multiple-cut varieties) or annual ryegrass (single-cut varieties), and is therefore extremely suitable for mixtures grown after early-clearing crops. The highest energy and digestibility is achieved at the start of flowering.